

The Crittenden Press

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Number 11

COAL DROPS \$4 AS U. S. OPENS PROBE

Operators Report Bituminous Sales
Average \$3.31 With
Profit 54 Cents

WASHINGTON—On the heels of Attorney General Palmer's instructions to all United States District Attorneys to put an end to profiteering in bituminous coal, the Federal Trade Commission made public its findings on bituminous coal costs, based on its latest monthly returns, report is understood to have been in the hands of the Department of Justice when the Attorney General issued his order to District Attorneys to put a curb on alleged coal profiteers.

Admiral Benson, chairman of the United States Shipping Board, complained Friday that he has to pay from \$20 to \$22 a ton for coal for bunker purposes.

The report made public by the Federal Trade Commission states that if the operators reporting for the West Virginia fields are representative for the state, the average reported sales realization of West Virginia operators f. o. b. the mine which is \$3.40 plus transportation, which amounts to about \$2 lays coal f. o. b. cars at railroad terminals serving Hampton Roads at about \$6.40 per ton net. This is coal for which the Shipping Board has had to pay from \$20 to \$22 per ton.

Coal Prices Drop \$1 in Day

Simultaneously with the making public of the Trade Commission's report, and following Attorney General Palmer's orders the District Attorney's office at Baltimore informed the Attorney General's office that there had been a break in the bituminous market at Baltimore. According to this information, bituminous coal at Baltimore dropped to \$8.75 a ton.

Even at that figure there were refusals to buy by those who seemed to think there would be a further drop in price.

The feature of the announcement is the showing as to the comparatively low actual cost of coal at the mines as given by a large number of operators who came forward voluntarily with their figures. It shows that these operators furnished information that they receive as a matter of sales realization f. o. b. the mine \$3.40 for their coal.

FOR SALE House and lot on Bellville St. Remodeled till same is new. Five rooms and hall. Good out buildings, well and eastern. Bargain if taken at once. 65f

J. A. ELDER, Phone 239-3

Capt. W. E. Dowell, of Tolu, was in the city Tuesday.

POPULAR FREDDONIA COUPLE MARRY IN PRINCETON

Reuben Ray and Miss Thelma Botler, of Freddonia were married in this city last Saturday afternoon, Rev. J. F. Claycomb performing the ceremony at his residence on South Jefferson street.

The groom is a son of James B. Ray and is a clever, hustling and prosperous young farmer. The bride is a daughter of Mrs. Anna Butler, and is a pretty, attractive and accomplished young lady. They will reside on Mr. Ray's farm near Freddonia.

The Leader joins their many friends in wishing them a long, happy and prosperous life.—Princeton Leader.

DIES IN NEW YORK

Word has been received in Paducah of the death of Mrs. Moille Bennett, widow of the late Judge Caswell Bennett, prominent Kentucky jurist of Frankfort. Mrs. Bennett had been living for several years in New York City with her daughter, Miss Virginia Bennett. No particulars concerning her death were stated in messages received.

Mrs. Bennett was born in Ederville, Ky., the daughter of Judge W. L. Crumbaugh, and spent the early part of her life in this part of the state. She was well known in Paducah. She married Judge Bennett and they went to Frankfort to have him elected to the Court of Appeals. Mrs. Bennett was a woman of much charm of personality and brilliant mental attainments. She won many friends throughout Kentucky.

Mrs. Bennett was a cousin of T. H. Callahan, Mrs. George H. Goodman, and Mrs. Jessie Crouch of this city. She is survived by her daughter, Virginia, and a sister, Mrs. Joseph Smith of Birmingham, Ky.—Princeton Leader.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

All persons having claims against the estate of M. F. Enoch, deceased, will present same, properly proven, to the undersigned on or before September 26, 1920. Also all persons indebted to said M. F. Enoch either by note or account, will please pay same by not later than September 26, 1920.

R. H. THOMAS,
Administrator

NOTICE

All stockholders of the Percheron Horse Co., are requested to attend a meeting on Monday, Aug. 30, at 1:30 P. M. Urgent business to be attended to. J. W. FLYNN, Secretary.

Mrs. Galen Dixon, of Evansville, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Hammack, in the city Tuesday.

SUGAR TO GO LOWER SAYS THIS REPORT

Dealers in Cities Lose Thousands
When Price of Commodity
Begins to Fall

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Retribution is coming apparently to many big sugar dealers, who a few months ago were fattening their bank accounts from the abnormally high sugar prices. The very prices they created are in large part responsible for their losses.

Within a week, when prices have dropped from 23 24 and 25 cents a pound to 16, 17 and 18, certain dealers have lost tens of thousands and perhaps hundreds of thousands of dollars of their former profits. The end is not yet. Today one of the largest concerns in the country to meet competitors planned to put sugar on the market at 15 cents.

It would not be surprising if prices dropped to still lower levels before they stabilize. Prospects are gloomy for those with large supplies, who are wondering how they will get thru the next week or two without impairment of credit and actual collapse. Efforts to keep the situation quiet in order not to disturb bank credits have failed.

According to the present indications, the concern that can unload before there is an actual stampede fares the best chance of escaping unharmed. It would not be surprising if prices dropped to still lower levels before they stabilize. Prospects are gloomy for those with large supplies, who are wondering how they will get thru the next week or two without impairment of credit and actual collapse. Efforts to keep the situation quiet in order not to disturb bank credits have failed.

Miscalculated on Prohibition

A miscalculation about the effects of prohibition really started the break.

A contributory cause is the haste of sugar dealers all over the world to rush their supplies here to get the benefit of high prices. Many of these foreign supplies have already landed or are enroute. They come from Brazil, Peru, Argentina, China and even from Africa, none of which countries figured in the sugar market here in the years past.

Big candy and soft drink manufacturers and speculators calculated last summer and fall that Nationwide Prohibition would create a demand for candies and soft drinks never before known in this country, according to inside information just obtained, and gobbled up available sugar supplies.

Then for weeks this past spring grocers informed the average individual there was no sugar to be had. Retailers took advantage of the demand to boost prices until they reached as high as 25 and 30 cents a pound.

This summer candy and soft drink manufacturers were awakened to the fact the public had not gone as crazy over candy as anticipated. Accordingly they began to unload.

NUNN-MILLER.

On Wednesday evening, August 25, at eight o'clock, in the home of Rev. J. B. Trotter, in the presence of a few friends, Miss Bessie Nunn and Mr. Chas. B. Miller were united in marriage.

The bride is the only daughter of Mrs. Fannie Nunn Scott, of this city, and was born and reared in this county. She is a young lady of sterling qualities and loved by all who know her.

The groom is a painter by trade, and has resided in this city only a few months, but has made many friends while here.

APPOINT ELECTION COMMISSIONERS

The State Board of Election Commissioners met at Frankfort last Saturday and appointed Election Commissioners for the various counties in the state. T. S. Nunn, Democrat, and W. H. Yandell, Republican, were appointed for this county.

Commissioners appointed in other First District counties are:

Caldwell—George F. Catlett, Democrat, and M. B. Moore, Republican.

Bullard—A. P. Fronola, Democrat, Charles Wickliffe, Republican.

Calhoun—Ben Grogan, Democrat; E. D. Hurt, Republican.

Carlisle—Jesse Moore, Democrat; W. L. Elliston, Republican.

Fulton—Charles Schlenker, Democrat; J. T. Stevens, Republican.

Graves—U. S. Wilson, Democrat; Harry Weaver, Republican.

Hickman—M. E. Slayton, Democrat; W. E. Jones, Republican.

Livingston—H. L. Crawford, Democrat; J. M. Montgomery, Republican.

Lyon—Levi Oliver, Democrat; W. S. Craig, Republican.

Marshall—A. A. Thomas, Democrat; H. A. Riley, Republican.

McCracken—A. F. Steele, Democrat; S. J. Snook, Republican.

Trigg—H. M. Prather, Democrat; W. C. Ahart, Republican.

Yates—J. W. Wilson, Democrat; W. C. Ahart, Republican.

The KITCHEN CABINET

The mountain of success to steep and round.
Who gains the summit climbs a weary way.
(And, though brave feet grow stronger with toil,
The rocky path a coward's step may stay.)

A HOT WEATHER LUNCHEON.

Even in warm weather a hot soup is enjoyed, especially those made of fresh green vegetables, such as peas, spinach, vegetables, oysters or celery. Cucumber soup may not be so well known but it is a most appetizing one.

Cream of Cucumber Soup.—Have ready one cupful of stewed cucumbers, rubbed through a sieve. Take the liquor in which the cucumber was cooked, reduce it to half a cupful by boiling, and set aside. Put into a soup-pan one tablespoonful of butter, season with salt, pepper and, when the butter is hot, stir into it two tablespoonts of flour. Stir until the mixture leaves the sides of the pan. Add three cupfuls of cold milk and stir constantly until it boils. When the mixture is as thick as a thin cream sauce add the cucumber and the half-cupful of liquor. Mix thoroughly, boil it once and serve.

Eggs a la Bourgeoise.—Cut slices of bread half an inch thick and trim off the crust; lay on a buttered platter and sprinkle generously with grated cheese. Beat eggs enough to cover the bread; season with salt and pepper and grated nutmeg; pour over the bread and bake in a moderate oven until the eggs are set.

Creamed Fish With Potato.—Prepare creamed salmon as usual and put a layer of the fish in a baking dish, cover with a layer of cold, mashed potato, then add another layer of fish until the dish is full and the potato on top. Dot with bits of butter, sprinkle with buttered crumbs and bake brown in a hot oven until the eggs are set.

Macaroni With Codfish.—Take one cupful of cold-boiled macaroni, add one cupful of cold-boiled codfish broken fine. Put into a buttered baking dish, sprinkle with salt, pepper, grated cheese and sufficient milk to moisten. Bake until brown.

Potato Border.—Make a rim of mashed seasoned potato around a well-buttered platter. Fill the center with creamed fish, cover with buttered crumbs and bake in a hot oven until the crumbs are brown.

Cheerfulness and content are great beautifiers, and are famous preservers of good looks.—*Turnby Hodge*

WHAT TO HAVE FOR LUNCHEON.

For a warm weather luncheon, and this means one easy to digest and not too heavy, try a fish dish for the main course, a salad and a light dessert with an iced tea or a hot drink us one prefers.

Cured Salmon.

—Chop a small onion very fine and fry brown in one tablespoonful of butter. Mix one teaspoonful of curry powder with one tablespoonful of flour and a pinch of salt. Stir into the butter. Add slowly one cupful of hot water, stirring briskly. When the sauce is thick add one cupful of flaked salmon and cook until well heated.

Currant Pie.—Take a pastry shell and fill with the following: Mash one cupful of currants with one cupful of sugar, or use the same quantity of fresh currant jam, prepared by using crushed currants and sugar in equal measures, or slightly less sugar. Add two beaten egg yolks, two tablespoonsfuls of flour, a quarter of a cupful of water; mix well and cook until smooth and thick. Cool, fill the shell and cover with a meringue made from the beaten whites with two tablespoonsfuls of sugar. Brown in the oven and serve at once.

Pens and Carrots.—Clean and dice enough carrots to make two and one-half cupfuls. Steam until tender; put through a sieve; add butter and flour, one tablespoonts each; one beaten egg, one-half teaspoonful of salt and a few dashes of pepper and a grating of nutmeg. Press into a ring mold, cover with greased paper and steam twenty minutes. Fill the center with cooked seasoned pens and garnish with parsley.

Tomato Hors d'Oeuvres.

—Arrange slices of tomato cut one-half inch thick on thin rounds of broiled cornmeal mush. Cover the tomato with a paste made of cottage cheese mixed with a few chopped nut meats and add a seasoning of chopped chives and radishes, garnish with radish roses or with olives. Serve at dinner.

Nellie Maxwell

Worth Cultivating.—Is it not a thing divine to have a smile which, none know how, has the power to lighten the weight of that enormous chasm which all the living in common drag behind them?—*Victor Hugo*.

Washington's Peculiar Hobby.—George Washington's principal diversion was training hasty foxes. He was fond of fox hunting. He took the animals home, and trained them in all kinds of tricks, which he often exhibited to friends.

Start of the Umbrella.—An umbrella from the sun the umbrella is of great antiquity. Sir Gardner Wilkinson has engraved a delineation of an Ethiopian prince travelling in her chariot through upper Egypt, where the car is furnished with an umbrella.

Change of Time.—On her wedding day every woman thinks that life will be one grand sweet song, but later, when she has to sing a pair of twins—well, it's a different exchange.

THE VALLEY of the GIANTS

Author of "Cappy Ricks"

By PETER B. KYNE

Copyright by Peter B. Kyne

"JULES RONDEAU"

Synopsis.—Pioneer in the California gold fields, John Cardigan, at forty-seven, is the leading citizen of Sequoia, owner of mills, ships, and many acres of timber, a widower after three years of married life, and father of two-day-old Bryce Cardigan. At fourteen Bryce makes the acquaintance of Shirley Summer, a visitor at Sequoia, and the two are soon in love. Together they visit the Valley of the Giants, excited to John Cardigan and his son as the burial place of Bryce's mother, and part with mutual regret. While Bryce is at college John Cardigan meets with heavy business losses and for the first time views the timber with uncertainty. He is forced to sell his logs, and soon afterward Bryce's Cardigan comes home. On the train he meets Shirley Summer, on her way to Sequoia to make her home there with her uncle, Colonel Pennington. Bryce learns that his father's eyesight has failed and that Colonel Pennington is seeking to take advantage of the old man's business misfortune. John Cardigan is despatched, but Bryce is left of fight.

CHAPTER V.—Continued.

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John Cardigan shook his head. "I'm mortgaged to the last penny," he confessed, "and Pennington has been buying Cardigan Redwood Lumber company first-mortgage bonds until he is in control of the issue. He'll buy in the Sun Heilin timber at the time of closure sale, and in order to get it back and save something for you out of the wreckage, I'll have to make an unprofitable trade with him. I'll have to give him my timber adjoining his north of Sonoma, together with my Valley of the Giants, in return for the Sun Heilin timber, to which he'll have a sheriff's deed. But the mill, all my old employees, with their numerous dependents—gone, with you left penniless and without a dollar to pay your taxes. Sunshed—like that?" And he drove his fist into the palm of his hand.

"Perhaps—but not without a fight," Bryce answered, although he knew that his plight was well-nigh hopeless. "I'll give that man Pennington a rain for his money, or I'll know the reason."

The telephone on the table beside him twinkled, and he took down the receiver and said "Hello!"

"Merry!" came the sweet voice of Shirley Summer over the wire. "I suppose I feel as savage as all that, Mr. Cardigan."

For the second time in his life the thrill that was akin to pain came to his heart. "If I know you were calling, Miss Summer," he said, "I shouldn't have growed so."

"Well, you're forgiven—for several reasons, but principally for sending me that delicious blackberry pie. Thank you so much."

"Glad you liked it, Miss Summer. I dare to hope that I may have the privilege of seeing you soon again."

"Of course. One good place deserves another. Some evening next week, when that dear old daddy of yours can spare his boy, you might be interested to see our burled-wood-paneled dining room Uncle Seth is so proud of. Would Thursday night be convenient?"

"Perfectly. Thank you a thousand times."

She bade him good-night. As he turned from the telephone, his father

and now the task of continuing it is mine! All those men who earn a living in Cardigan's mill and on Cardigan's dock—these sailors who sail the ships that carry Cardigan's lumber into the distant ports of men—are dependent upon me; and my father used to tell me not to fall them. Must my father have wrought all this in vain? And must I stand by and see all this to satisfy the overwhelming ambition of a stranger?" His old hands clenched. "No!" he growled savagely. "Give me your last live annual statements, Mr. Shirley, please."

The old servitor brought forth the documents in question. Bryce stuffed them into his pocket and left the office. Three-quarters of an hour later he entered the little amphitheater in the Valley of the Giants and passed with an expression of dismay, time of the giants had fallen and lay stretched across the little clearing. In its descent it had demolished the little white stone over his mother's grave and had driven the fragments of the stone deep into the earth.

The fact that the tree was down, however, was secondary to the fact that neither wind nor lightning had brought it low, but rather the impious hand of man; for the great jagged stump showed all too plainly the marks of crosscut saw and axe; a pile of chips four feet deep littered the ground.

For fully a minute Bryce stood dumbly gazing upon the wreckage before his rage and horror found vent in words. "An enemy has done this thing," he cried aloud to the wood gods. "And over her grave!"

It was a larch tree. At the point where Bryce paused a malignant growth had developed on the trunk of the tree, for all the world like a tremendous wart. This was the burl, prized for table-tops and paneling because of the fact that the twisted, wavy, bittersweet grain lends to the wood an extraordinary beauty when polished. Bryce noted that the work of removing this excrescence had been accomplished very neatly. With a crosscut saw the growth, perhaps ten feet in diameter, had been neatly sliced off much as a housewife cuts off a slice from a loaf of bread. He guessed that these slices, prettily circular in shape, had been rolled out of the woods to some conveyance waiting to receive them.

"Certainly, uncle. What perfectly marvelous roses! How did you succeed in growing them, Uncle Seth?"

He smiled sourly. "I didn't raise them," he replied. "That indolent Indian that drives John Cardigan's car brought them around about an hour ago, along with a card. There it is beside your plate."

She blushed ever so slightly. "I suppose Bryce Cardigan is vindictive himself," she murmured as she withdrew the card from the envelope. As she had surmised, it was Bryce Cardigan. Colonel Pennington was the proprietor of a similar surmise.

"First work, Shirley," he murmured haughtily. "I wonder what hell send you for luncheon. Some dill pickles, probably."

She pretended to be very busy with the roses, and not to have heard him.

Shirley, left alone at the breakfast table, picked up at the preserved figs the owlish butter set before her. Vaguely she wondered at her uncle's apparent hostility to the Cardigans; she was as vaguely troubled in the knowledge that until she should succeed in eradicating this hostility, it must inevitably act as a bar to the further progress of her friendship with Bryce Cardigan. And she told herself she did not want to lose that friendship.

She wasn't the least bit in love with him albeit she realized he was rather lovable. And lovable he was a good, devoted son and was susceptible of development into a congenial and wholly acceptable comrade to a young lady absolutely lacking in other means of amusement.

She shirked her breakfast in thoughtful silence; then she went to the telephone and called up Bryce. He recognized her voice instantly and called her name before she had upwardly to announce her identity.

"Thank you so much for the beautiful roses, Mr. Cardigan," she began. "I'm glad you liked them. Nobody picks flowers out of my garden, you know. I used to, but I'll be too busy hereafter to bother with the garden. In the way, Miss Summer, does your uncle own a car?"

"I believe he does—a little old rat trap, which he drives himself."

"Then I'll send George over with the Nipper this afternoon. You might care to take a spin out into the surrounding country. By the way, Miss Summer, are you to consider George and that car as your personal property. I fear you're going to find Sequoia a dull place; so whenever you wish to go for a ride, just call me up, and I'll have George report to you."

"But think of all the expensive gasoline and tires!"

"Oh, but you won't look at things from that angle after you cross the Rocky mountains on your way west. What are you going to do this afternoon?"

"I don't know, I haven't thought that far ahead."

"For some real sport I would suggest that you motor up to Laguna Grande. That's Spanish for Big Lagoon, you know. Take a rod with you. There are some land-locked salmon in the lagoon."

"But I haven't any rod."

"I'll send you over a good one."

"But I have nobody to teach me how to use it," she hinted daringly.

"I appreciate that compliment," he flashed back at her, "but unfortunately my holidays are over for a long

time after dinner last night or did my ears deceive me?"

"Your ears are all right, Uncle Seth. I called Mr. Cardigan up to thank him for the job he sent over, and incidentally to invite him over here to dinner on Thursday night."

"I thought I heard you asking somebody to dinner, and as you don't know a soul in Sequoia except young Cardigan, naturally I opined that he was to be the object of our hospitality."

"I dare say it's quite all right to have invited him, isn't it, Uncle Seth?"

"Certainly, certainly, my dear. Quite all right, but, er—uh, slightly inconvenient. I am expecting other company Thursday night—unfortunate, Bryce Stood Dumbly Gazing Upon the Scarcle.

Colonel Pennington spoke up. "We don't have any lighting on the mind train any more," he said bluntly.

"Indeed! How do you prevent it?" Bryce asked.

"My woodshoes, Jules Rondeau makes them keep the peace," Pennington replied with a small smile. "It there's any lighting to be done, he does it."

"You men among his own crew, of course," Bryce suggested.

"No, he's in charge of the mind train and whether a light starts among your men or ours, he takes a hand. He's got them all behaving neatly for quite a while, because he can whip any man in the country, and everybody realizes it. I don't know what he'd do without Rondeau. He certainly evokes those boulders of mine step lively."

"Indeed! Do you employ boulders, Colonel?"

"Boulders! They cost less; they are far less independent than men and more readily handled. And you don't have to jumper them—paraphrasing in the matter of food. Why, Mr. Cardigan, with all due respect to your father, the way he feeds his men is simply ridiculous!" Uncle and penitent and doughty at the same meal!"

"Well, Dad started in to feed his men the same food he fed himself, and I suppose the boulders come in, you are not readily changed in old age, like me."

"But that makes it hard for other manufacturers," the Colonel protested. "I feed my men good grub and plenty of it—quite better food than they were used to before they came to this country; but I cannot seem to satisfy them. Your respected parent is the basis for comparison. In this country, Pennington has warned him to proceed cautiously; for while harboring no apprehensions as to the outcome of a possible clash with Rondeau, Bryce was not so optimistic as to believe he would escape unscathed from an encounter."

Colonel Pennington's pomposus imported British butler showed Bryce into the Pennington living room at six-thirty, unmooring him with due ceremony. Shirley rose from the piano where she had been busily thumping the keys and greeted him with every appearance of pleasure—following which, she turned to present her visitor to Colonel Pennington, who was standing in his favorite position with his back to the fireplace.

"Uncle Seth, this is Mr. Cardigan who was so very nice to me the day I landed in Red Bluff."

The Colonel bowed. "I have to thank you, sir, for your courtesy to my niece." He had assumed an air of reserve of distinct aloofness, despite his studied politeness.

"Your niece, Colonel, is one of those fortunate beings the world will always clamor to serve."

"Quite true, Mr. Cardigan. When she was quite a little girl I came under her spell myself."

"So did I, Colonel. Miss Summer has doubtless told you of our first meeting some twelve years ago."

"Quite so. May I offer you a cocktail, Mr. Cardigan?"

"Thank you, certainly. Dad and I have been planning one on about this time every night since my return."

"Shirley belongs to the Hand of Hope," the Colonel explained. "She's ready at any time to break a lance for him albeit she realized he was rather lovable. And lovable he was a good, devoted son and was susceptible of development into a congenial and wholly acceptable comrade to a young lady absolutely lacking in other means of amusement."

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VEGETABLES ARE BEST FOR DUCKS

Most Profitable Returns Obtained Where Green Feeds Predominate in Rations.

HATCHING EGGS FROM PEKIN

Young Fowls to Be Marketed Should Be Fattened for Two Weeks Before Kitting—Fish Aid in Reducing Feed Bills.

Ducks may be fed on the rations recommended for fowls and chickens, but better results are usually secured by feeding more green and vegetable seeds and a larger proportion of meat. Eggs from Pekin ducks are used largely for hatching, and the profit is secured in producing green ducklings; therefore these ducks are fed a moderate ration after they stop laying in the summer until about December 1, when a laying ration is given and the amount of mash increased.

Runners for Eggs.

Indian Runner ducks have been introduced as producers of commercial eggs, so they should be fed laying rations throughout the year if kept for egg production.

The ducklings to be marketed should be fattened for two weeks before killing on a ration made of three parts by weight, of corn meal, two parts of low grade flour or middlings,



Large Duck Farm on Long Island.

one part of bran, one half part of beef scrap, with 3 per cent grit and 10 per cent green feed. Feed this mash three times daily, or use a mush of three parts corn meal, one part low grade wheat flour, one part bran, 5 per cent beef scrap, and 3 per cent oyster shell, with the green feed and grit added.

Influence of Feeds.

The green feed is sometimes left out of the ration during the last seven days of fattening, as it tends to color the meat and may produce a slightly fubby rather than a firm flesh; however, it is easier to keep the ducklings in good feeding condition on a mash containing green feed. Boiled fish may replace the beef scrap, but should only be fed up to within two weeks before they are killed, as it may give a fishy taste to their flesh. United States department of agriculture specialists suggest. A considerable quantity of boiled fish is also fed in the mush to hatching ducks in sections where the duck farms border on the water and where fish is available at a very small cost. This fish adds materially to reducing the cost of feeding.

NEVER KICK HORSE ON FOOT

Lateral Cartilage Is Liable to Be Bruised, Causing Inflammation and Lameness.

When examining the foot of a horse or mule never kick the foot to make the animal lift it off the ground. In kicking the foot you are liable to injure the lateral cartilage causing inflammation and deposit of bone cells. This deposit of bone cells is the starting of a slide bone, which will cause lameness. This lameness once started is extremely hard to stop. So never kick the horse on the foot.

SUPERIOR FALL VEGETABLES

Radishes and Lettuce Are Appreciated and Are as Easily Grown in Autumn as in Spring.

Radishes and lettuce are appreciated again, as the hot weather has made their growth difficult and their quality poor. In the fall they are as easily grown as in the spring and as good. A little frost does not hurt them, and they last over a long season. The large varieties of radishes planted late in the summer will make immense roots that can be stored and kept over winter.

SUCCULENT FEED INSURANCE

Mighty Good Plan to Fill Silo During Favorable Season for Feed in Dry Season.

The silo is the best feed insurance that can be provided. Even when seasons are favorable and there is plenty of rain it is a mighty good plan to fill the silo with green succulent feed and carry it over to the next year, when a dry season may come and cause a shortage of both feeds and pasture.

OLD MACHINE PARTS USEFUL

Odd Places Should Be Stored Away for Future Use—Do Not Leave in the Field to Rot.

When a machine cannot be repaired, instead of hauling it out and leaving it to rot down, why not take it apart and put the good parts in the wood shed or machine shop for future use in repairing other machines of the same kind?

FISH MEAL GOOD AS SUPPLEMENTAL FEED

Excellent in Hog, Poultry or Dairy Rations.

Bureau of Chemistry Knowing High Protein Content of Scrap Has Been Active in Converting Material into Food.

The common domestic pig will never be able to write a book on table manners but he knows how to order a meal as well as anyone. He is in a fair way to demand a fish course to supplement his salad and vegetable diet. He will take his fish in the form of fish meal, the refined by-product made from sound, wholesome raw material at the sardine, tuna, and salmon canneries, or from the menhaden.

The fish meal is not to be confused with "fish scrap," a coarser by-product much used for fertilizer; the meal is made from clean, sound material and is intended to be used as food for cattle and hogs. Formerly, the canary waste was all made into "scrap" for fertilizer purposes, but the bureau of chemistry, United States department of agriculture, knowing the extremely high protein content of the scrap, has been active in converting this material into a high-grade protein feed. The cleaned selected portion is ground to a fine, palatable meal which may be used to replace linseed in hog, poultry, or dairy rations.

Fish meal has been recommended as a supplementary ration before now, but popular prejudice against a badly prepared product has discouraged its use. The department of agriculture has proved by feeding experiments that fish meal equals the high-priced linseed as a ration ingredient, and better methods of selecting and milling have removed the causes of prejudice.

The oil content of the meal adds materially to its feeding value. So far the experiments have shown that the meal does not injure the animal product, whether it be pork, butter, eggs, or milk. Moreover, by diverting the fish meals to the animals instead of supplying it directly to the land, the farmer loses but a trifle of its fertilizing value and gains its entire feeding value—thus making the material yield two profits in the place of one.

KILL OUT PERENNIAL WEEDS

Quack Grass and Canada Thistle Are Most Troublesome and Offer Greatest Resistance.

Perennial weeds offer the greatest resistance and require more thorough and persistent effort to destroy them. Two of the most troublesome of our common weeds are quack grass and Canada thistle. The former may be distinguished from other grasses if its characteristic features are known. Whatever method will destroy quack grass will also kill Canada thistle or any other perennial weed.

Following or cultivation without a crop is the most certain method of eradication on large areas and may be used to good advantage except on sandy soils and those containing wet or very porous. Success depends upon the depth of plowing and frequent cultivation. The prevention of all leaf-growth in weeds means their certain death. Certain cropping systems will usually be successful with quack grass.

FEEDING OATS TO CHICKENS

Chicks Will Take to Them Readily if Sweet, Clean and Heavy—Dish-like Long Points.

Oats make good summer feed if you can get the facts to eat them freely. Most fowls will take readily to clean, sweet, heavy clipped oats weighing 40 pounds per bushel, while they would refuse that which has long points or is light in weight or misty. A bushel of oats contains only half as much nutrients as a bushel of corn or wheat.

IMPORTANT FEED FOR FOWLS

Grain Mixture, Mash, Green, Grit and Oyster Shells Must Be Supplied to Hens.

The most important feed for the hens is the grain mixture. The next most important is the mash. Then green feeds, grit and oyster shells positively must be supplied if the poultry are to be kept in complete health and at maximum egg production.

LESS HOGS AND CATTLE

Mighty Good Plan to Fill Silo During Favorable Season for Feed in Dry Season.

The silo is the best feed insurance that can be provided. Even when seasons are favorable and there is plenty of rain it is a mighty good plan to fill the silo with green succulent feed and carry it over to the next year, when a dry season may come and cause a shortage of both feeds and pasture.

Primitive Traveling

The "estancero," or ranchman, of Argentina, is well satisfied with the heavy native "chata," a cart with two big wheels, much like the bullock carts of Asia, and to meet a "chata," with 20 horses drawing its load of grain to the railway, is a picturesque incident of country journeying.

Horses are cheap and plentiful; the "peon" who drives them lives on the ranch, his services cost little, and the two-wheeled "chata," when it sticks in

the mud, is reasonably easy to extricate by turning it round before pulling it out.

The process scoops the mud and makes a roughly circular hole in the road something like the crater of a very small volcano, but the "chata" is out, and on its way again.

Accounting for the Faw.

"No one is all bad."

"Possibly not, but some people have preponderance of badness sufficient to keep them in jail a good part of the time."

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CAST ASIDE THE TEMPTER

Manon Why Student Could Not Forbear From the Pathway of Stern Monast.

Perspiration rolled down his brow as he desperately chewed his pencil and stared vacantly down at the blank sheet of paper before him. It was the final examination of his senior year at college. To fail in it meant that he could not graduate; that he would be disgraced; that his whole

life would be ruined. Shudders involuntarily passed through him as he realized that he was a rank failure.

The paper of the man on his left had the people do not need it, for they have fruit all the year round, and the children have sugar cane to suck or the sweet stalks of the sweet maize plants to chew.

Whence Sugar Is Not For Sale.

Sugar, as such, it not to be purchased in a Central African village,

but the people do not need it, for they

have fruit all the year round, and the

children have sugar cane to suck or

the sweet stalks of the sweet maize

plants to chew.

Where Sugar Is Not For Sale.

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but the people do not need it, for they

have fruit all the year round, and the

children have sugar cane to suck or

the sweet stalks of the sweet maize

plants to chew.

Rapid Fire Camera.

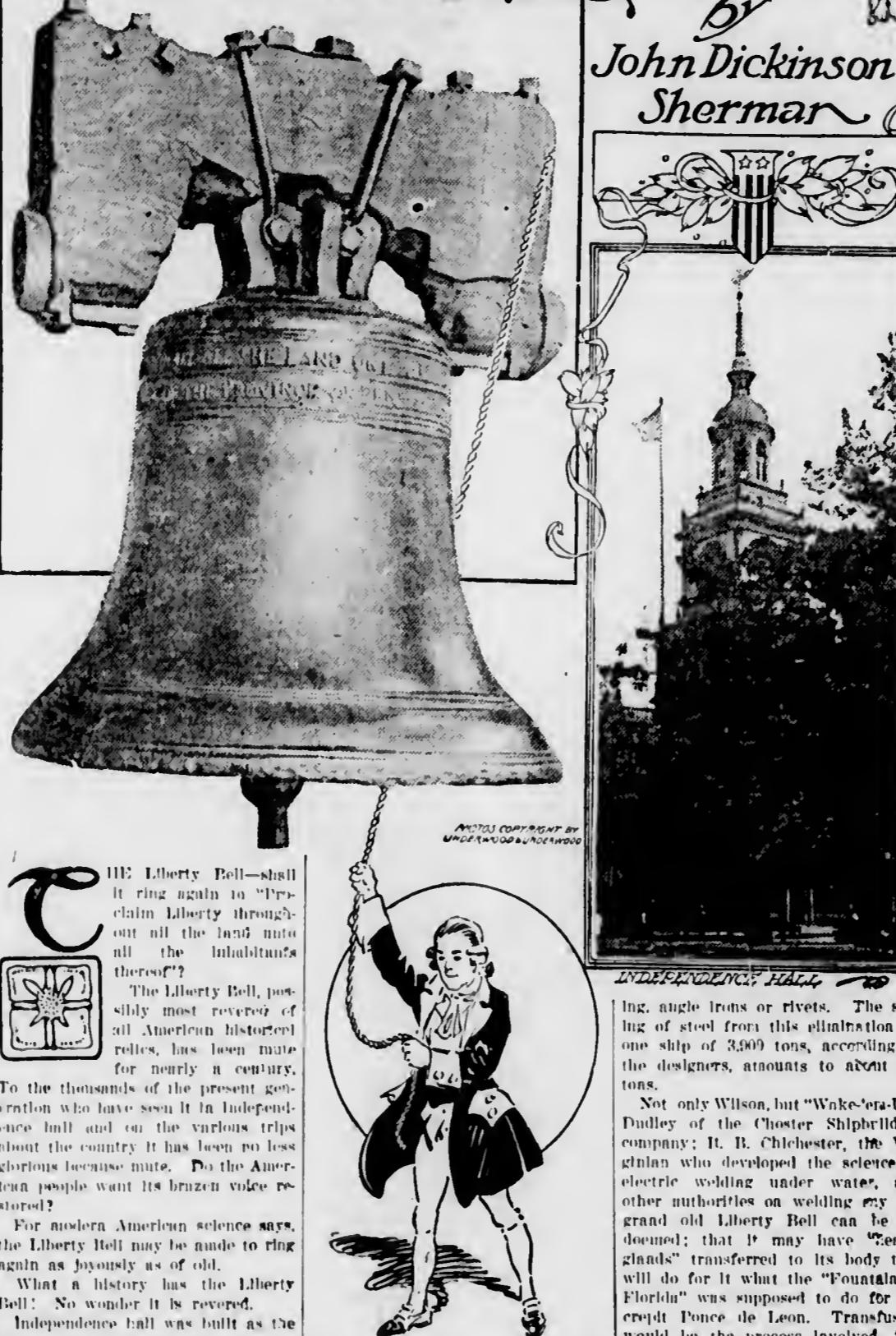
An American is the inventor of a

motion picture camera with which he

says he can take 100,000 photographs a second.

The Liberty Bell—Shall It Ring Again?

By John Dickinson Sherman



ing, angle irons or rivets. The saving of steel from this elimination on one ship of 3,000 tons, according to the designers, amounts to about 500 tons.

Not only Wilson, but "Wake-ers-Up" Dudley of the Chester Shipbuilding company; R. B. Chichester, the Virginian who developed the science of electric welding under water, and other authorities on welding say the grand old Liberty Bell can be reduced; that it may have "Health glands" transferred to its body that will do for it what the "Fountain of Florida" was supposed to do for decrepit Ponce de Leon. Transfusion would be the process involved, just as in the hospital an anemic is bled back to life and color again by the injection of pure, fresh blood into his veins; only in this case it would be a metal transfusion.

To heal the crack they would proceed in this fashion: Take first a grain of metal from the crevice of the bell. Have it melted by a board of expert metallurgists. Reproduce in the laboratories of the alchemist the identical metal of which the Liberty Bell is composed. When you have the proper alloy you are ready to bring on the electric needle.

Now for the process of welding. Fusion the new metal to be applied into a wire or needle of the welding apparatus. Measure the resistance of the bell and the resistance of the wire after having estimated the amount sufficient to fill up the crack.

Now to fill in the crack. One electric contact is made on the bell and the other on the needle that is composed of the same metal substance as the bell itself. Electricity leaps between the two points. The electric needle is consuming itself and depositing its own particles within the orbit of the split bell.

You simply touch the electric needle to one or the other side of the crack, withdraw it a fraction of an inch, and then repeat the process over and over.

Part by particle, layer on layer, the process continues until the opening is closed.

Not only will it ring, say the welders, but it will have again the same vibrant tone that it had when it was first hung up in the steeple of the state house in Philadelphia in the summer of 1776.

So far has electrical welding progressed that the ship of the future will be entirely electric welded, according to designs and plans worked out by research engineers. No rivets, no angle irons, and a saving in cost of construction and material, are among the claims of its designers.

The hull is electric welded throughout, and therefore wholly without rivets in its construction. All plates are riveted without lapping straps or angles, and then are welded with a joint which the engineers claim will be 95 per cent of 100 per cent as strong as the steel members themselves. This eliminates all overlapping steel in plates.

Then along came Wilson with his electric-welding needle. It is a matter of history, of course, that in from three to four months every single German liner was ready to put to sea.

Even while Yankee troops were wiping out the St. Malo salient and sweeping clean the Argonne, these German ships, led by the giant Vaterland, were pouring American men and munitions into England, France and Belgium. Not only did Wilson and his crew weld the Vaterland and her sister ships as good as new, but he made them so fleet that our gobs were able to get three knots better speed out of them than the Germans ever had, none.

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Stonewall Jackson's Will.

While a boy "Stonewall" Jackson realized that he would master every weakness that he had, moral, mental and physical.

To harden himself to the weather he went without an overcoat.

On account of dyspepsia he lived on stale bread and drank buttermilk and wore a wet shirt next to his body.

He made it a rule to go to bed at 9 o'clock, and he went on the stroke of the clock. It is no wonder that he was called Stonewall.—H. L. Smith.

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THE CRITTENDEN PRESS

Marion, Ky., Aug. 27, 1920.

By W. F. and W. P. HOGARD.
Miss Leahy Wilborn, News Editor.

Entered as second-class matter
February 9th, 1878, at the post office
at Marion, Kentucky, under the Act
of Congress of March 3d, 1877.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

\$2.00 per year cash in advance

THE COAL GOUGE

In the bottom about to drop out of coal as it dropped a few days ago of 25¢ sugar? Are the consumers to have at last relief from the intolerable artificial prices at which coal has been sold?

The pyramided prices of sugar broke down of their own weight apparently. Are the prices of coal to follow suit? With 75 per cent of domestic coal bins still empty, according to estimates, and with schools, industries and public services imperilled the question of what is to be the autumn price of coal is of great importance and of universal interest.

Figures of the Federal Trade Commission purporting to show the production cost of various grades of coal and the prices realized by mines may serve to bring to the surface some of the facts as to the great coal gouge of 1919-20.

If the published figures are inaccurate as to prices for which coal has been sold by mine operators, dealers, avoid bearing blame for the difference between mine prices and market prices, should come forward with figures to show what they have been forced to pay.

If the mine owners and operators have produced coal upon margins between 6 cents per ton and \$1.25 and if prices have been expanded from 300 to 500 per cent between the mines and the open market, the public would be glad to discover who has received the larger proportions of the profits.

If the Federal Trade Commission's figures should constitute the Open Sesame, or the opening wedge, to the mystery of the great coal graft, millions of consumers would be greatly obliged to the Federal Trade Commission for its efforts.

The figures do prove one thing and that is that the cost of coal production is not sufficient to warrant the market prices for the various grades of coal.

Assuming the accuracy of the Washington reports, fifty-seven Kentucky operators admit that the cost of production has averaged \$2.73 per ton. That being true there is no valid excuse for coal selling at retail at anything like the prices which have been demanded.

That the public has been victimized by a ruthless gouge is plain. Whether producers or dealers have done the larger part of the gouging is at present the open question.—Courier Journal.

THIS IS TODAY.

It is to laugh. The printer goes into the cigar store, lays down 15¢ for a 5¢ cigar and smiles; he goes to the boot shop and gives up fifteen simoleons for a pair of five buck kicks and rejoices with the store man over his prosperity; to the druggist he hands a dollar for a bottle of physic that he formerly bought for 35¢ and makes good by adding 50¢ to the outlay as payment for 25¢ worth of chocolates to make the physic necessary; he pays the grocer and the butcher two prices and registers approbation; he gives the banker 8 per cent for 4 per cent money and recognizes that in unnatural times one must expect unnatural charges; he pays the garage man and the picture show man, the drayman, and the railroad their increased rates without a kick, but when any of these intelligent and progressive business men desire a few letter-heads they are shocked at the continual upward trend in the prices of printing. We might offer these gentlemen a number of valid reasons for higher printing costs in addition to the ones that they already know to be legitimate, but do not think it necessary to go into our business details to them any more than we expect them to do this for us. However we will say to them that the day when the country printer owed every one in the community and was dependent upon their charity for his support—the day when he walked in fear of his banker and approached his grocer in confusion—is with all offices of any consequence a thing of the past.

To be a successful newspaper man requires nearly as much talent as it takes to successfully manage a soda fountain and should be worthy of as much remuneration as is expected by the proprietor of a pool parlor. In addition to this a successful newspaper man must have sufficient literary ability to correct the copy of men who wish commercial printing so as to make it intelligent in its construction. He must work more hours than any other man in business in the village and he must pay his employees higher wages than any other commercial enterprise in the place and these are but few of the reasons why it costs more to have printing done in these days of advanced costs of everything than it did when shoes were selling for \$3.50, wheat for 60¢

and "Horseshoe" at 45¢ per pound. The fact that we dare write and publish these truths is proof positive that in some offices at least fear and trembling have been superseded by that knowledge of actual value which makes for commercial and intellectual independence.

It is to laugh.—Clay County Sun.

Agricultural Column

By G. M. GUMBERT

Our Crittenden County Farm Bureau will meet Saturday, August 28 in the High School auditorium at 1:30. Mr. J. I. Clement, President of our organization, urges all progressive farmers in the county to meet with us to become acquainted with the aims and purposes of our work. We believe that when you once understand Farm Bureau work that you will become a member.

A meeting of the directors will be held after the regular meeting to consider plans and policies for the fall and winter. Receipts for paid-up members, and applications blanks for new members are now available. All members are urged to be present as this is to be a most important meeting.

More than 300 tons of lime has been delivered at Marion within the past two months, and some orders yet undelivered. If you wish to know as to the advisability of using lime, ask one of the following progressive farmers:

George Johnson, J. F. Hill, Dr. F. W. Nunn, Alie Hughes, Mr. Beard, O. G. Threlkeld, Dr. T. A. Fraser, or J. M. Fowler.

Acid phosphate and lime make one of the most productive and profitable combination that can be used.

Some time ago I made an offer of a limestone crusher at a very reasonable rental, provided someone would supply the power. This crusher will begin work on the farm of O. G. Threlkeld in Repton valley, where there is creek bed with a loose surface that will furnish 100 tons of 85 per cent lime. Since the increase in freight rate I believe we can very profitably crush our own lime. Other features to this proposition are, distribution of labor, saving in hauling, availability of lime when needed most and a greater propaganda for its use. I would like to see a few crushers owned by the farmers on a co-operative plan. This would be a most profitable investment, as time will prove, and I believe there will be a number of crushers owned in the county within the next year. I would like to keep this crusher busy in this county until Christmas and I want all interested Farm Bureau members to know that they will be served first.

Messrs O. G. and O. S. Threlkeld of Repton are operating the largest dairy farm in our county. Last fall they erected a new dairy barn with stanchions and stall room for 60 head. At present they have 50 head on hand and milk about forty cows. They ship 50-60 gallons of cream each week, and feed all the skim milk to hogs. A milking machine which has proven very satisfactory saves time and worry twice each day.

The question of suitable hay and pasture for a large herd is a very serious and most important one. When Mr. Threlkeld solves this problem his success will be assured.

Ernest is one of my agricultural students and has for his project this year 3 acres of alfalfa which he hope to increase to 10 acres next spring.

They have corn to fill two forty ton silos and will supplement this roughage with cotton seed meal. Mr. Threlkeld used his tractor to great advantage this spring and says that he will be ready for fall.

Mr. Joe W. Stallions came to Levias Wednesday to be with his nephew, Dr. Frank LaRue.

Dr. J. Luke Hayden, wife and daughter Frances of Dexter, Mo., and grand-mother, Mrs. Dean Franklin, Messrs. Charles Donakey of Tolia, and Joe W. Stallions were dinner guests of Mrs. Lena Franklin and sister, Ethelyne Price last Wednesday.

The roads were worked right here Monday and Tuesday.

Dr. Frank LaRue, wife and daughter, Frances of Dexter, Mo., and grand-mother, Mrs. Dean Franklin, Messrs. Charles Donakey of Tolia, and Joe W. Stallions were dinner guests of Mrs. Lena Franklin and sister, Ethelyne Price last Wednesday.

Mr. Mattie LaRue and daughter, Fleta Hurley, of Sheridan were the guests of relatives here last Tuesday.

Howard Hurley and wife of Sheridan were visitors in our little town one day last week.

Mrs. L. L. Price visited the past week with her sisters, Mesdames Unice Walker and Sallie Paris and daughter, Nora Threlkeld.

Mesdames Susie McKinney and Nellie Franklin were guests Tuesday of last week of Mrs. McKinney's daughter, Mrs. Mary Stallions near Salem.

Gene Wright, wife and mother motored over from their home at Mountain Grove, Mo., to be the guests for several weeks of relatives and friends here and at Carrsville.

Mr. J. L. Settles and wife and niece, Sallie Sullenger, Eliza Gilles and Miss Ruth Schrieves of Jonesboro, Ark., were guests last Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Price and son.

Mr. Frank LaRue and wife motored over from Dexter, Mo., to visit here with his grand-mother, Mrs. Lena Franklin and son, Lawson.

POLES REJECT ALL PEACE OFFERS

Refuse to Do Anything Proposed
Except to Demobilize If
the Reds Demobilize

LONDON, Aug. 26—Poland's reply to the peace terms presented by the Russian Soviet delegation at Minsk amounts to a flat rejection, says the Manchester Guardian's Minsk correspondent in a wireless dispatch filed in that city.

"Out of the fifteen Russian demands only one that is relative to demobilization, is accepted and that on condition that Russia will take a similar course—that is to say, Russia must demobilize at the same time Poland disbands her forces.

"The terms relative to disarmament, the closing of munitions plants and the delivery of munitions to Russia by Poland are indignantly rejected as interfering with internal affairs of Poland and a violation of Polish sovereignty.

"Other terms are rejected without qualification and Poland demands a line of demarcation between Polish and Russian territory based on strategic considerations and the idea of buffer states."

LEVIAS

Fred Love has purchased the farm, house and store building here at Levias from Charles Larue.

Murry Conyer of Morley, Mo., is staying with his sister, Mrs. George near Siloam.

Rudell Price was the guest Saturday night of his Aunt Eva Eaton at Marion.

Jasper Franklin has returned from a visit with his brothers, J. H. and Si Franklin at Blodgett, Mo.

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FOR SALE

Thoroughbred Shropshire Rams \$25. Red Poland Bulls \$75 to \$150. E. M. F. Studebaker Car, bargain at \$200.00. 11/2

W. L. KENNEDY & CO.
Lola, Ky.

RENOVATING THE STRAND

Messrs. C. L. Cassidy and Doyle Vaughn, managers of the Strand Theatre are busy this week furnishing up a little.

They have repainted the front and decorated the stairway until one would hardly know it as the old "opera house."

They plan on redecorating the entire plant while at work on it.

Master Robert Walton, of Winfield, La., who has been spending the summer with Dr. and Mrs. F. W. Nunn, has returned home.

BRUISED REEDS

BY GERTRUDE CUSHING.

(ig. 1920, by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"And I contend that it is the experiences and exercises of the mind that cause us to appear in the body. It is the knowledge of good and evil and the consequent ever-increasing obligation to discriminate together with the sorrow incident to failure, intentional or otherwise."

"Then you think that if the body ceased at any given minute to develop, from that minute the body would remain unchanged in line and color and expression?"

"Something like that."

"But you else a case in point?"

The question came from a third man, who up to this point had taken no part in the discussion.

The three men, until the day before yesterday, were gathered in a room in a small hotel in western Massachusetts. A snapping wood fire flaming in the grate, a pack of well-thumbed cards and tall glasses containing some steaming brew were helping to dispel the monotony of a desperately stormy evening.

"Yes," replied the first man, "in a very few words. Do you remember the oddly dressed young woman on the station platform when we left the train yesterday? Well, this is her story:

"She was a girl in this town when I was a boy, some 20 years ago. The winter she was eighteen she spent in New York, visiting an aunt. In the spring she came back, engaged to be married. In the fall her lover came up for three or four weeks and the wedding took place at the end of that time. They went to New York to live. We all liked him, and her letters home always sounded as though she was entirely happy. The next summer he received a letter calling him to a mining district in Montana. It was said that it was business which demanded his personal attention. He brought her here to stay with her people until his return, and from that day to this nothing has been heard from or of him. Whether the letter was a fraud, and that was a way he took to desert her or not, of course, I don't know, I have never thought so, however.

"For a while she put up a good fight. Then one day she collapsed utterly and cried continuously for hours. Nobody could do anything for her. At last it seemed as if something in her brain gave way and a complete change took place. She stopped grieving and declared her belief that her husband would return soon to surprise her and she must be ready for him.

"Each day she dresses with the utmost care, and goes to meet the New York train. Her brain life ceased at that minute, and in mind and body she seems to be the age that he left her. You've heard my theory. Now, what's yours?"

"There was silence for a minute, then the third man spoke. He was a tall, stoop-shouldered man, with extremely white hair and eyebrows and a prominent, sliding gait. A man old for his years, one would have said.

"Twenty years ago the 4th of July," he began, "I opened my eyes in a small room in a sort of improvised hospital ward in a mining town in Montana. They told me that six weeks before I had been struck on the head by a piece of stone from the arm of a Derrick which had sprung loose. I was knocked unconscious and had been practically so ever since. When I looked at myself I was as you see me now. To all appearances an old man at twenty-three.

"I gained health and strength rapidly, and soon began to live again, but everything previous to that moment of my awakening on that 4th of July was a blank—an absolute void; and with memory went all capacity for intense feeling of any kind." He paused drearily, then concluded: "I suppose that woman is my wife."

But the Anti-Saloon League's report, when it is published, must end this silence.

DRYS FORCE ISSUE

ON LIQUOR RECORD

COX AND HARDING'S PAST

STAND WILL BE AIRED BY

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

By Mark Sullivan in The Courier Journal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25—Your correspondent believes that within the next few days the campaign will be given a different trend by two events soon to happen.

The first is Senator Warren G. Harding's speech Saturday. If he carries out his present intention of dealing with the Republican alternative to the Wilson version of the League of Nations, that issue, as between himself and Gov. James M. Cox will look very different after Saturday. About this point we shall know soon.

The other event which materially will change the trend of the campaign will be giving out by the Anti-Saloon League of the records of the two candidates on the liquor question.

Will Bring Up Dry Issue

A committee of the Anti-Saloon League has recently completed a long session in Birmingham, Alabama, and is now adding some convincing finishing touches to these two records.

This report of the Anti-Saloon League will not take sides, will not endorse either candidate, nor prescribe either candidate.

It will merely recite their acts and speeches as public men whenever the liquor question has come before them. This report will undoubtably bring prohibition into the foreground as an issue in the campaign.

On this prohibition question, the Republican party, the Democratic party and the Anti-Saloon League all three have been playing politics.

More correctly, the Republican party and the Democratic party have been pussyfooting and politics has been played within the Anti-Saloon League.

The two parties are pussyfooting on it because each party is afraid of both sides of it. The fact is that both the parties are still thinking in terms of Ohio; and in other respects, as well as in this respect, have not yet looked out from Ohio to the country as a whole.

Each day she dresses with the utmost care, and goes to meet the New York train. Her brain life ceased at that minute, and in mind and body she seems to be the age that he left her. You've heard my theory. Now, what's yours?"

School Supplies

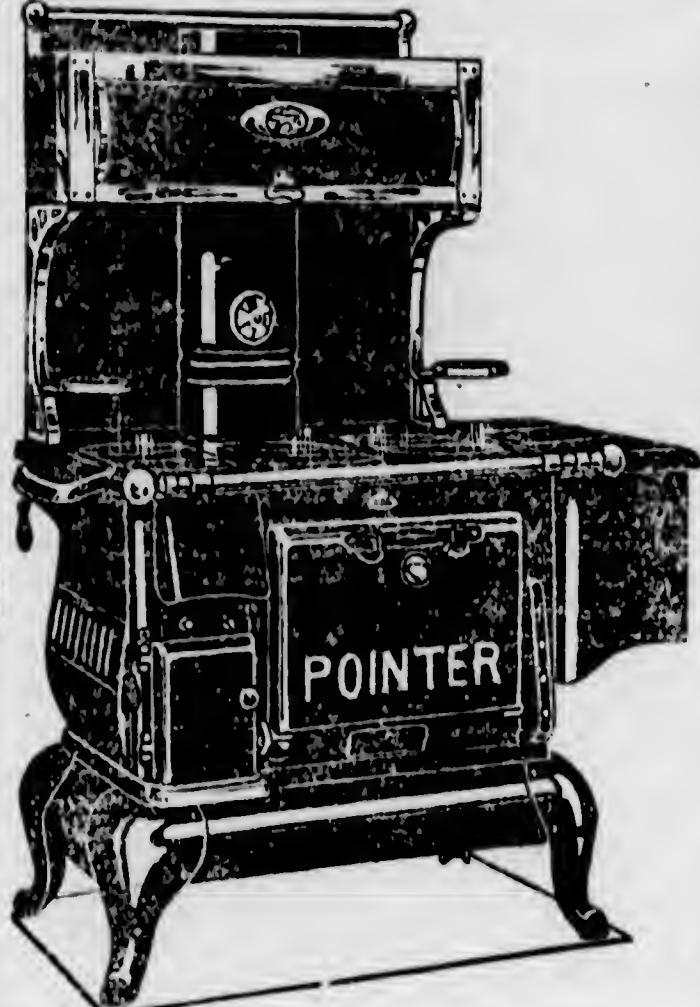
Everything the student needs, from a pencil sharpener to an unabridged dictionary.

Your children can not do their school work efficiently unless they are "fully equipped."



JAS. H. ORME DRUGGIST

"All That the Name Implies"



A Satisfied Customer is Sure a Good Advertisement

Read What Mrs. Harpending Says

"I have used a Pointer Range for more than a year and am perfectly satisfied with it in every way."

MRS. E. L. HARPENDING

MARION HARDWARE CO.

BIG

Ice Cream Supper

at Brown's School House

Saturday Night August 28

• LOCAL HAPPENINGS

Mr. E. S. Traylor has sold his farm near Repton to Mr. Beverly Herrin.

Mr. W. F. Itrown, merchant of Mattoon, was in town Wednesday.

Messrs. Geo. P. Roberts, W. R. Cruse, Sam Gogenheim and Jas. H. Orme motored to Evansville Wednesday to hear Gov. Cox speak.

Mr. A. C. Babb went to Evansville Tuesday to be present at the Cox speaking.

Mesdames Win. Barnett and Katie Goodloe and Miss Esther Barnett and Hope Hudson motored to Evansville Wednesday.

Miss Marie Hughes spent a few days this week with her aunt, Mrs. Albert Elkins, near Crayne.

Mr. Geo. T. Belt, of Sheridan, was in town Wednesday.

Misses Sybill and Clara Belt, of Sheridan, spent Wednesday with Mrs. W. E. Belt.

Judge Arun Towery, of Piney, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. Clarence Franks, and family, of Louisville, were in town Wednesday, enroute to Tolu, where they will visit his sister, Mrs. Taylor Guess.

Mr. C. E. Clark, of Tolu, was in the city Wednesday.

Mr. T. T. Guess, of Tolu, was in town, Wednesday.

Mrs. Ida Moore, of Cotton Plant, Ark., is the guest of Judge and Mrs. R. L. Moore.

Mr. Foster Moore, of Althelmer, Ark., spent a few days this week with Judge and Mrs. R. L. Moore.

Mrs. R. L. Hardy, of Salem, spent Wednesday with Mrs. O. G. Threlkeld.

Dr. R. L. Hardy was in town Thursday, enroute to Salem, to spend a few days with his family.

Messrs. Geo. H. Manley and L. E. Guess motored to Paducah, Wednesday, to attend the fair.

Mr. Sylvan Stewart Price, of Tulsa, Okla., spent a few days this week with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. Jns. F. Price.

Mrs. Virgil Y. More, of Madisonville, is the guest of her parents, Rev. and Mrs. Jas. F. Price.

Mrs. E. S. Love, of Clay, spent Wednesday with her parents, Rev. and Mrs. E. M. Eaton.

Miss Rebecca Love, of Clay, is visiting her grandparents, Rev. and Mrs. E. M. Eaton.

Mrs. Clarence Gilliland has returned from a visit with friends at Clay.

Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Moore are camping at Hurricane and attending the camp-meeting.

Mrs. H. W. Wolfe and son, Lindsey, who have been visiting Mrs. Alvis Stephens, have returned to Kuttawa.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Mick have removed to Frances, and have rented their home on West Gun street to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Shelby.

Miss Evelyn Roberts will leave soon for Versailles, Ky., where she will en-

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Davidson will move into their new bungalow, just completed, on South Main street at an early date.

Rev. J. S. Row will preach at the Christian Church Sunday, August 29.

Rev. W. T. Oakley has returned from Oak Grove, in Webster county, where he just closed nine day meeting. It was a fine meeting with most gratifying results.

Rev. W. T. Oakley is at Weston, where he is engaged in a series of meetings.

Mr. John Scott, of Rodney, has gone to East Alton, Ill., where he will work in a cartridge plant.

Mr. J. A. Thomas, of Casad, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. C. E. Weldon and daughter, Edwina, of Memphis, who have been visiting friends here, have gone to Tolu, where they will visit Mrs. Taylor Guess.

A fine baby girl came to the Methodist parsonage Wednesday night. Harry and Mrs. Short are happy.

Mrs. Ollie M. James, who has been the guest of Miss Elizabeth Rochester left Tuesday for Lookout Mountain, Tenn., where she will spend several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Daugherty and family returned from an extended visit to Missouri Tuesday. They made the trip in an auto.

Buy for Cash and Save Money

Look At These Prices

NATIONAL BISCUIT CAKES

Vanilla Wafers	18c
Cocoanut Dainties	18c
Nabiscos	18c
Tokens	18c
Lemon Snaps	9c
Zu Zu	9c
Uneeda Biscuit	9c

BREAKFAST FOODS

Oats	15c
Puffed Wheat	13c
Puffed Rice	18c
Shredded Wheat	17c
Corn Flakes	13c
25c Post Toasties	20c
Cream of Wheat	30c
Grape Fruit	18c

This is just a partial list. It will pay you to come to see us, whether you buy 10c worth or \$25 worth.

We know our quality and service will please you.

MORRIS, SON & MITCHELL

THE BIG CASH GROCERY

South Main St.

Phone 210

Marion

Messrs. Russell Moss and Roy Davidson attended the fair at Padu-

As soon as the Marion Bank can vacate their temporary quarters in the old post office building the room will be occupied by R. F. Dorr with a complete line of house furnishings.

Mrs. Will Phillips, of Casad, was in town Tuesday, shopping.

As soon as you know Miss Leafa Wilborn is our local news editor.

In this capacity she wants to know all about your visitors, your goings and comings, your weddings, your sickness, your parties and picnics and everything.

Your newspaper is just what you make it so when you have information of interest to others please tell Miss Leafa all about it.

Thank you.

Mr. F. F. Charles and wife returned home Thursday from an extended trip to Paduah, Centralia and St. Louis.

Mr. H. F. Morris paid the Press office a pleasant call Thursday.

F. C. Pogue, manager of the telephone at Francis was in the city Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Hunt left Thursday for Lexington, Tenn., where they will attend the Baptist Association.

Mrs. J. F. Dodge of Sturgis wednesday with Mrs. R. L. Moore.

Mrs. Ed Newcom of Portales, N. M., spent a few days this week with her brother, Mr. J. D. Asher.

Mr. A. A. Deboe of Tribune was in the city Thursday on business.

Mr. Jones Gill is spending a few days with his mother, Mrs. Sarah Gill.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Rochester returned Thursday from Baltimore, where Mrs. Rochester was given medical attention at John Hopkins Hospital and her friends will be glad to learn that she is very much improved.

Mrs. Carl Newcom of Portales, N. M., spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Asher.

On Thursday morning at the Baptist parsonage in Morganfield, occurred the marriage of Miss Laura Freeberger of Untontown to Mr. Lester Paris of Marion. Mr. Paris is an engineer on the I. C. railroad and was born and raised here. The bride is a popular young lady of Untontown. They will make their home in Princeton.

Mr. H. E. Wathen, of Fords Ferry, was in the city Tuesday.

Mr. C. E. Weldon of Memphis, was in the city Wednesday.

LOGGING TEAMS WANTED to haul logs from Lola to Carrsville.

W. E. CURRY,
Fords Ferry, Ky.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY YOUR TIRES

Elsewhere in this paper you may find the advertisement of M. O. Eskew, quoting bargain prices on guaranteed tires.

Mr. Eskew quotes some interesting prices on these goods and when he has something good for his customers is willing to spend his money to tell them about it.

FOR SALE

One Hereford bull, registered, two years seven months old; 1 Milk cow 6 years old bred to registered bull, he fresh in February, giving 1½ gallons of milk daily; 2 work mules about 15 hands high; 1 horse colt, two years old, will sell cheap for quick sale.

For further information write to or come to see J. C. OWEN, Dycusburg, Ky.

NOTICE

To the tax payers of Marion Graded District No. 27. Your School Tax are due now and must be paid by Sept. 1, 1920. After above date penalty, interest and cost of advertising will be added.

I will be in my office on August 25, 26, and 27 to receive same. Sheriff will be found at his office any day to receive all outside of city limits.

Please take notice and govern yourselves accordingly.

GEORGE W. STONE
V. O. CHANDLER
Collectors

MONUMENT BUYERS READ THIS

There is a monument agent here at Marion who falsely tells that we do not sell Monuments that are made of Green River Stone. Give us a chance to prove this is untrue and that we can furnish you the highest grade of Green River Stone Monuments.

STRAND THEATRE

Saturday

Madge Kennedy
IN

"DAY DREAMS"

MONDAY

Frank Keenan
IN

"SMOLDERING EMBERS"

Romance real and thrilling!
Romance young and enthusiastic!
Romance that radiates to your heart!

TUESDAY

Wm. Farnum
IN

"Joyous Trouble Makers"

Great Tire Sale

For the next few days I will offer my entire stock of brand new first-class

GOODRICH TIRES

at the following prices:

These tires are strictly first-class and fully guaranteed by the manufacturer for 6,000 miles.

	List Price	Our Price
30x3	\$17.15	\$15.00
30x3½	23.20	18.50
31x3½	27.65	21.00
32x3½	28.05	23.50
32x4	36.80	27.50
33x4	38.60	30.00
34x4	39.60	33.50

As this offer is only for a few days, BUY NOW.

M. O. ESKEW

Subscribe for the Press.

PANCAKES

Crisp, tasty pancakes—sizzling hot and right off the griddle. Treat your family to pancakes tomorrow morning. It's easy to make good pancakes with GILSTER's Best flour. Milled from selected soft red winter wheat, GILSTER's Best is a biscuit and pastry flour of surpassing flueness and whiteness.

You will like GILSTER's Best flour.

GILSTER MILLING CO.

Office: Chester, Ill.

Mill: Steeleville, Ill.



GILSTER'S BEST FLOUR

A Clean Sweep.

Vacationists—You say the city takes everything you raise. Farmer—Yes! And that includes the help we raise.

Puts I Will In You Easy to Get Strong

Everyone wants more pep and sureness to it this hot weather. Hot weather takes away the appetite and makes one feel listless, lifeless, miserable, even when you have a strong stomach, but for those who have weak stomachs, it is really a dangerous, trying time.

On the safe side this kind of weather and help nature all you can, by taking an entonate tablet about half an hour before you eat and one or two an hour after you eat; it will be of wonderful benefit. Entonate simply takes up the excess acids, poisons and gases, and carries them right out of the body. With the cause of the trouble removed, of course you will feel fit and fine—full of pep all the time. Entonate will cool feverish mouth and stomach and give you a good appetite, even in hot weather.

Get a big box at your druggist's for a trifling cost and let entonate help you for a few days; then you will never be without it. Adv.

YOUNGSTER MADE WORD GOOD

Though, as it Turned Out, It Was at the Cost of Some Personal Discomfort.

Marshall, who is five, lives in a that building. He is a real boy and although he has a rear yard and a sand pile in which to play, his mother has more or less trouble keeping him off the streets. A neighbor saw him across the street one morning and the next day called his attention to the fact that he was out of the zone mapped for him. He was one of the busy ones about a vegetable wagon. "Yes," he said, "I had to get some suds." The next morning he asked his mother for the market basket. He immediately disappeared and soon returned, unaccompanied by the vegetable man. In the basket were three pounds of potatoes, a box of berries and two cantoupes. Mother had to settle whether she needed the goods or not. At any rate, Marshall made his word good with the neighbor that he had to get "some suds." When questioned by the same neighbor about his shopping expedition he said: "Yes, and mother spanked me, too."

Rich Find in an Old Dress.

When the personal effects of the once-famous dancer, "Rigolochie," who died recently in Paris at the age of eighty, were sold at auction, an old silk dress was knocked down to a second-hand clothes dealer for a mere song. On examining the garment the purchaser found concealed in the lining a bundle of French bank notes to the value of \$1,000.

Business men who cling to the ancient methods are apt to be left at the post.

Proper Pride Necessary.

Prile, like band-aids and other poison medicines, is beneficial in small, though injurious in large quantities. No man who is not pleased with himself, even in a personal sense, can please others.—Frederick Saunders.

MOTHER!

California Syrup of Figs
Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."—Adv.

POET'S WORD GOOD ENOUGH

Student Was Absolutely Satisfied Without the Necessity of Seeing Any Proofs.

A good story is going the rounds of Princeton about Prof. Alfred Noyes, the English poet. It is well known, likes very much to read his works aloud to his friends, and at Princeton, with so many young men under him, he is usually able to gratify this liking to the full.

The other day Professor Noyes said to a junior, who had called about an examination:

"Wait a moment. Don't go yet. I want to show you the proofs of my new book of poems."

But the junior made for the door frantically.

"No, no," he said, "I don't need proofs. Your word is enough for me, professor."

Heavy Traffic.

They seldom crowd the roads in northern Minnesota, but on our last tour, when we headed into a tamarack swamp and had to take our top off because of the low-hanging trees, we did feel a trifle uncertain about the route.

"Do many cars travel this road?" we asked some children who happened along.

"Lots of 'em," came the proud reply; "Lots of 'em. One came last year and one this year, an' now you're here, too!"

Twenty Five Years of Success

proves that the originator of

Postum Cereal

was building upon a sure foundation when he devised this most famous of all cereal beverages.

Where one used it in place of coffee, in the beginning, tens of thousands drink it today—and prefer it to coffee.

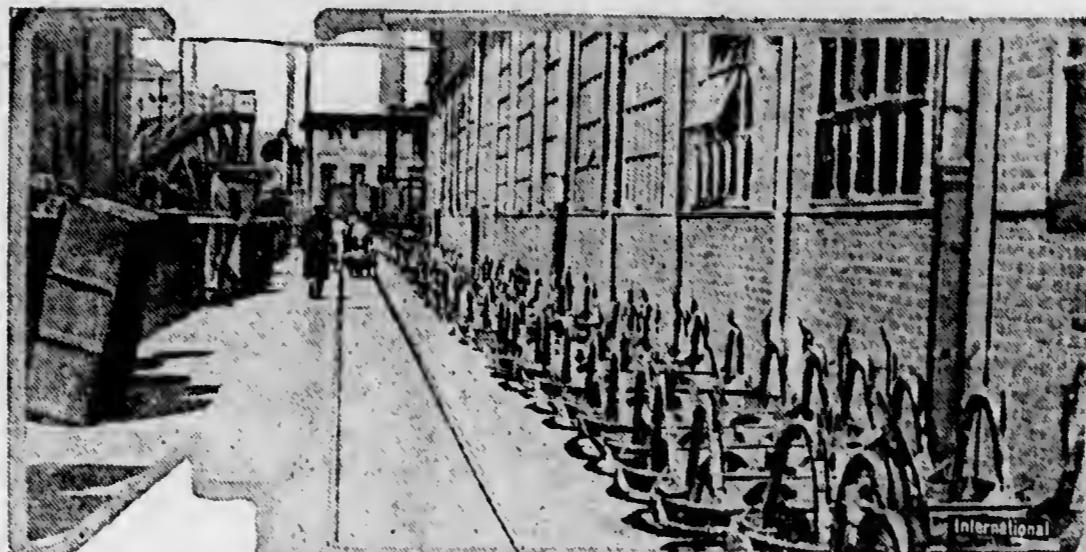
Healthful, delightful to taste and satisfying to every one at table.

Postum is now recognized as coffee's one and only great competitor among those who delight in a coffee-like flavor.

Sold everywhere by Grocers

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Inc.
Battle Creek, Michigan

Spandau Arsenal Is Now a Salvage Dump



The former arsenal at Spandau, Germany, has been converted into a salvage dump for all war material in the Berlin area, and the metal is being used in the manufacture of peace-time articles. This photograph shows one of the many small metal trucks being made for shipment to France to be used in reconstruction work.

U. S. HOSPITAL AT CONSTANTINOPLE

Designed Eventually to Be Nucleus of Important Medical Center in Near East.

BALKAN WOMEN MAY TRAIN

Equipment of the Hospital, Which Will Have 100 Beds, Will Be Supplied by the American Red Cross.

Constantinople.—Americans in Constantinople have established a hospital which is designed eventually to be the nucleus of an important American medical center in the near East. Admiral Bristol, the American high commissioner, is chairman of the hospital's board of directors, which includes G. B. Hoadly, the American commissioner and president of the American chamber of commerce; Maj. G. Cluth Davis, director of the American Red Cross in the near East; Col. James P. Coombs, director of the American committee for relief in the near East; Dr. Mary Mills Patrick, president of Constantinople College for Women; Dr. W. W. Peet, representing the various American missionary boards, and Mrs. Huntington, representing Robert college.

Red Cross Gives Beds.

Equipment for the hospital, which will have 100 beds, will be supplied by the American Red Cross. The personnel will be supplied by the American Red Cross and the American committee for relief in the near East, both of which have many doctors and nurses working in Turkey among war refugees of various nationalities.

Dr. A. H. Hoover, who has lived for many years in Turkey, will be the director of the hospital and Dr. Ethel Hoadly Graff, formerly physician to Vassar college and a member of the Wesleyan unit of the American committee for relief in the near East, will be his assistant. Mrs. Anna E. Rothrock of Gleniside, Pa., will be superintendent of nurses and her assistant will be Miss A. Estelle Sutton of Detroit, Miss Huberta K. Sharpe of New York and Miss Mary E. Conighan of Acton Center, Mass.

Constantinople College, for women will open a school for nurses in connection with the hospital, and within a year will open a women's medical college to afford medical training for

women of all nationalities and religions. The Rockefeller foundation has promised to send a board of inspection to Constantinople and the hospital board hopes to get the assistance of that organization in general improvement of health and medical conditions in the near East.

Need is Urgent.

The need for a hospital for English-speaking patients is very urgent. American firms are opening branches in Constantinople every week. This has become a great rendezvous for the

American navy. The Young Men's Christian association and Young Women's Christian association have large organizations, in addition to many relief and missionary bodies, which are constantly in need of hospital space for their personnel.

Under the direction of the Constantinople unit of the American committee for relief in the near East, an open-hospital for tuberculous children has also been established on the shore of the Bosphorus a few miles north of Constantinople. This hospital is under the direction of Dr. Elsie Richards Graft. It has 50 beds, and is designed as a model institution which the Americans hope to get the Turkish, Greek, Armenian and Jewish communities to duplicate.

The new American hospital has leased a large private residence in Istanbul, the Turkish section of Constantinople.

LIVES SIX DAYS IN GLASS CASE

British Scientist Makes Daring Experiment in Interest of Aviation.

WAS HERMETICALLY SEALED

Question Involved Was Would It Be Possible to Calculate Quantity of Oxygen Necessary to Almen at High Altitudes.

London.—Six days sealed up in a glass case is a daring experiment bearing on aviation which has just been carried out by a middle-aged British university professor, Joseph Barcroft, F. R. S., reader in physiology at Cambridge university. The question involved was whether it would be possible to calculate the quantity of oxygen necessary to an almen at high altitudes.

The case in which Mr. Barcroft was shut up for six days was specially erected in a quiet room in the physiological laboratory. It was about seven feet high and about ten feet broad.

The door, walls and roof were made of glass, hermetically sealed and divided into two compartments—one fitted with a lounge chair and table and the other with a simple bed.

Mr. Barcroft confesses to having felt rather shaken up after his release from the glass case but did not look much the worse for the experience.

The experiment is regarded here as thoroughly successful and a scientific report of it will be had before the next meeting of the British association, where Mr. Barcroft will be president of the physiological section.

Took Regular Exercise.

At the foot of the bed was a pedaling apparatus consisting of a frame on a bicycle, from which the front wheel had been removed, and a small black wheel with a frame attached, to enable Mr. Barcroft to get some exercise and

to join the old Texas, which, as the San Marcos, was used as a stationery target for a target expert in aerial war.

Two of the Iowa's coal-burning boilers are being converted to burn oil so the ship may continue under way with no one aboard once its fire has been started burning and its engines placed in motion.

It is expected that the unique practice will give the gun pointers of the Atlantic fleet an opportunity to test their ability under conditions as nearly like those to be expected in battle as can be obtained. Smoke screens will be thrown around the Iowa during the runs and the course will be changed at will through the radio control system, necessitating a change in range on all the firing ships, exactly as would occur in action.

The Iowa has already been stripped of some of its guns and much valuable metal and the practice will be continued until the old vessel, a mass of twisted metal, sinks beneath the waves

used a moving craft for a target expert in aerial war.

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OPEN-AIR MARKETS FOR CLUB PRODUCE STIMULATES DEMAND



Two Junior Star Saleswomen at the Lincoln (Neb.) Boys and Girls' Garden Club Market.

At Lincoln, Neb., there is a boys and girls' garden club that has created new departure in the marketing of garden products. The members of the club, 400 strong, produced more garden fruits and vegetables than they could use. How could they dispose of the surplus crop? An open-air market was suggested. The board of trade and chamber of commerce favored the plan, and a Saturday morning open-air market was created.

At first the business men of Lincoln complained that it would interfere with the regularly established trade; later they learned that, on the contrary, the boys and girls' Saturday market created a larger demand for produce during the week, and they are more enthusiastic over the arrangement. That open-air market has become a regular factor in the economic scheme of things at Lincoln, and, curiously enough, \$5 per cent of the members of the club are girls.

It may be popularly believed that the marketing end of farm production should be conducted by the men. That may be true with regard to some commodities, but marketing experts of the department of agriculture believe that sometimes women are better qualified to handle the marketing work in connection with poultry, eggs, and canned products. The production of poultry and eggs is largely in matter attended to by farm women. Canning is left entirely to the women.

A Young Business Woman.

There are many individual instances of notable achievements by boys and girls, one is that of a fifteen year-old girl in Massachusetts who marketed about 3,000 cans of high-grade fruits and vegetables last year. The products were so well put up that the Colony club of Springfield, Mass., desired to contract for the entire output. At the present time this young woman has difficulty in meeting her orders, which call for 5,000 cans of produce this year. This is a potential business woman who is destined to be one of America's highest types of useful citizens.

CARPET GRASS LIKES WELL-PREPARED BED

Seed May Be Sown Any Time Till After Midsummer.

Method of Seeding Often Used Is to Cut Grass With Mature Seed and Scatter Hay Over Land Where a Pasture Is Desired.

On cultivated land, carpet grass succeeds best on a well-timed seed bed. The seed may be sown any time from early spring till after midsummer, when the moisture conditions are favorable. To secure a full stand of the grass promptly, seed should be sown at the rate of ten pounds per acre. A method of seeding that has often been used is to cut grass with mature seed and scatter the hay over the land where it was desired to establish carpet-grass pasture.

To establish carpet-grass pasture in open forests or on cut-over land, without going to the expense of clearing, the standing trees should be denuded by girdling. The land to be seeded should be turned over in winter in order to remove all the tall straw or brown sedge, wire grass, and other bunch grasses. Plowing or disk-ing is not necessary. Carpet grass at the rate of five pounds per acre may then be sown at any time after the weather becomes warm, but preferably when there is ample moisture.

Carpet Grass Bulletin 1130 on "Carpet Grass" may be had free upon request of the United States department of agriculture, Washington, D. C.

COTTONSEED MEAL FOR FEED

Superior for Work Horses and Mules, but It Must Be Fed Sparingly—Safe Amount.

Cottonseed meal makes a fine feed for work horses and mules, but it must be fed sparingly. Experiments show that one pound per day for each 1000 pounds of live weight of the horse is a safe amount to feed.

Learning Better Methods.

It is conservatively estimated that 60 per cent of the membership of boys and girls' clubs work throughout the nation consists of girls. Within a few years the majority of those girls will take their places as American farm women. They are now, in their teens, studying and working out problems that will confront them later on. And while they are doing that they are learning the fundamental principles in scientific production and marketing methods that must supplement those being used at present in order to meet the increasing food requirements of our country.

Pure Water Is Essential.

All animals require plenty of good, pure water. This is especially true of the milking cow, as water constitutes more than three-fourths of the total volume of milk.

Sprucing Up About Farm.

A little paint goes a long way toward sprucing up about the farm.

Motors Help Profits.

Motor transportation is doing much to make farming more profitable.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Why not grow more alfalfa?

Rule for taking care of machinery: Keep it lubricated, adjusted and clean.

As a crop to sow in wheat or oats, clover should not be forgotten.

One man of experience says: "You can't raise hogs profitably without grass."

A larger supply of the food of the family can be grown on the home farm as a rule.

The wild cucumber is said to carry the mosquito disease, which injures the cultivated varieties.

Small areas may be freed of perennial weeds by covering with paper or by close cultivation.

FALL FROCKS MAKE THEIR ENTRY



Now that it is a settled fact that one piece dresses for full share popularity with suits, for general and street wear, it is agreeable to find that the new models on display are very trim and neat looking. There is a vogue for intensely feminine styles, and this promotes the taking of frocks to take the place of suits on the street and elsewhere. Suits themselves are rarely built on severe lines, although there is never a time when a plain suit, beautifully tailored, need make any excuse for itself. It is always good. But the fall season promises a variety of styles and ornamentation in frocks that are of substantial materials and destined to do much service.

All these circumstances pave the way for such smart examples of the one-piece frock as that shown above. They are made, as suits are, of dependable wool fabrics in dark colors—serge, twill, broadcloth, ducking and the like, and a little study of

these models will impress some new style points on the mind. In the frock which is shown above, a decoration on the skirt, of braid, simulating a neat looking embroidery, is a new departure. The longer waistline is an important item as is also the white satin girdle with half-length fringe at the end. Embroidery, like that on the skirt, emphasizes the jacket effect in the bodice and defines the cuffs on the three-quarter length sleeves. There is a plain narrow vestee of ducking, with little round buttons set in a row, which may be in a vivid or quiet color, or there may be two or three vestees furnished for one dress, so that one may change to suit occasions. This is a clashing little frock with a decided Spanish flavor, that may be carried out in the hat worn with it. There is a mere suggestion of it in the small headpiece with upturned brim that has been chosen and shown in the photograph.

SWAN SONG OF SUMMER HATS



Summer hats, so far as designers of them are concerned, will soon be a thing of the past, for designers are always looking forward and fashioning headwear for the days to come. But they force their thoughts away from summertime reluctantly; one is sure of that when the last of their efforts—the hats of hot summer—make their appearance. They seem to be the most exquisite of all millinery, real poems of apparel—like the faded last song of the swan—sweeter than all others.

A hat like that shown at the top of the group is entitled to more than a brief season, since it is a beautiful and comparatively simple style.

It has a round, well-proportioned crown of chrysanthemum braid, and a white trim which may be of any light, smooth braid or of a sheer fabric.

Trimming there is a band and bows of ribbon about the crown, old blue in color, that makes a delightful background, like the summer sky, for a flat wreath of small flowers posed against it. Sometimes a similar shape in leghorn or berm or other braid in a light color dispenses with the ribbon band, has the flowers pinned against the crown, and both crown and wreath visted with ribbons. The de-

signer might have left off here and still have presented a pretty and creditable hat to the season; but it is a fact of the black chrysanthemum braid, falling away about the edge of the under-brim, gives this particular model an individual and distinctive touch, immensely becoming and full of class.

At the left of the group a representative of Paris hats is chrysanthemum braid, in a leghorn shape covered with rose petals made of organdie. It has a black velvet band about the crown, terminating in a bow. One can imagine it in white or in pale pink and pleat a bit of beauty to the mid.

In the hat at the right lace braid is applied to a straw shape in a different color. For trimming it has a band and rosette of narrow black velvet ribbon, the rosette resembling a blossom. It is centered with a lot braid and ends of its loops is tipped with a jet bead. There are two binding ends of velvet ribbon, at the end of each little jet ornament. A mere description cannot do justice to this handsome decoration of velvet ribbon.

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She—They say he is quite devoted to aquatic sports. He—Yes, he drinks like a fish, you know.

Aquatic.

Very simple white dress, made of one of the embroidered robes now sold in all the shops, can be given a slightly different appearance each time the dress is worn.

Hat of the Hour.

The hat of the hour is a broad-brimmed straw or taffeta surrounded with a white floral wreath, particularly like the valley or hills. With such hats the white draped veil gives the final note in daintiness and coolness.

SAY "DIAMOND DYES"
Don't streak or ruin your material in a poor dye. Insist on "Diamond Dyes" Easy directions in package.

"FREEZONE"

Lift Off Corns! No Pain!



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn. Instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly!

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the corns, without soreness or irritation.

Cutica for Sore Hands.

Soak hands or retiring in the hot suds of Cutica Soap, dry and rub in Cutica Ointment. Remove surplus Ointment with tissue paper. This is only one of the things Cutica will do.

16 Soap, Ointment and Talcum are used for all toller purposes.—Adv.

Earthquakes.

The origin of earthquakes has been traced to two principal causes, the first of which is tectonic, and the second volcanic. The former refers to movements in the earth's crust, known as faults, possibly caused by the shrinking of the interior of the earth by reason of cooling.

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A Friend in Need.

Mrs. Flatbush—Who is that man with the red nose you just bowed to?

Mr. Flatbush—Oh, he's a man I met out west.

He is certainly not a prohibitionist, is he?

Why, I never had occasion to ask him, dear.

But how did you happen to meet him?

"Well, we were traveling out of Milwaukee on the same train one night. He had a bottle, and I discovered that I had a cork screw."—Yonkers Statesman.

Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Nausea quickly disappear with the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Send for trial box to 272 First St., New York—Adv.

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A Lady Candidate.

"Was the candidate ruffled?"

"No, she wore a severely tailored model."

DEPENDED UPON IT 20 YEARS

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Has Been This Woman's Safeguard All That Time.

Omaha, Neb.—"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for over twenty years for female troubles and it has helped me very much. I have also used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in the house as it is a good remedy in time of need. You can publish my testimonial as every statement I have made is perfectly true."—Mrs. J. O. Elmquist, 2424 S. 20th Street, Omaha, Nebraska.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should be convinced by the many genuine and truthful testimonials we are constantly publishing in the newspapers of the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health. To know whether Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, try it! For advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Children Cry For

Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Special Care of Baby.

That Baby should have a bed of its own all are agreed. Yet it is more reasonable for an infant to sleep with grown-ups than to use a man's medicine in an attempt to regulate the delicate organism of that same infant. Either practice is to be shunned. Neither would be tolerated by specialists in children's diseases.

Your Physician will tell you that Baby's medicine must be prepared with even greater care than Baby's food.

A Baby's stomach in good health is too often disarranged by improper food. Could you for a moment, then, think of giving to your ailing child anything but a medicine especially prepared for Infants and Children? Don't be deceived.

Make a mental note of this:—It is important, Mothers, that you should remember that to function well, the digestive organs of your Baby must receive special care. No Baby is so abnormal that the desired results may be had from the use of medicines primarily prepared for grown-ups.

MOTHERS SHOULD READ THE BOOKLET THAT IS AROUND EVERY BOTTLE OF FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

F. H. Fletcher

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Some church workers try to work the church.

Thirty Running Sores

Remember, stand back of every box. Every druggist guarantees to refund the purchase price (60 cents) if Peterson's Ointment doesn't do its claim. It is guaranteed to remove scabs, old sores, running sores, salt rheum, ulcers, sore nipples, broken breasts, itching skin, skin diseases, blind, bleeding and itching piles, sores, burns, scalds, blisters, burns, scalds, blisters and sunburn.

"I had 30 running sores on my leg for 11 years, was in three different hospitals, was operated on and still got no relief. Then I was cured by using Peterson's Ointment."—Mrs. F. E. Root, 287 Michigan street, Buffalo, N. Y. Mail orders filled by Peterson Ointment Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Liquorlyers KING PIN CHEWING TOBACCO

Has that good licorice taste you've been looking for.

7-11 CHILLIFUGE

Kills the Malaria germ and regulates the liver.

25 CENTS

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 50 Years. FOR MALARIA, CHILLS AND FEVER.

Also a Plus General Strengthener Tonic. At All Drug Stores.



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High in Quality Low in Price!

Quality considered you can buy your job printing from our printing department for less money than you can anywhere else.

Right now we are producing some work for a large Evansville firm taken at our regular prices---and saving the customer money.

We Will Not Produce Poor Printing at any Price

Good paper plus good ink plus good workmanship plus our reasonable profit may seem a little high in price---but "leaf" brings more than "trash."

We Do Produce Good Printing at a Reasonable Price

We have every facility for handling any of your printing requirements whether large or small. No order too large or too small.

"Up to a Standard Not Down to a Price"

The Crittenden Press

Costs \$2.00 a Year
and worth every cent of it

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, W. A. Delaney's Exr. vs Lizzie Delaney, et al.

Union Circuit Court Plaintiff.

By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Union Circuit Court rendered at the November term thereof 1919, in the above cause, for the purpose of settlement of the estate of deceased, I shall proceed to offer for sale at the Court House door in the city of MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, to the highest and best bidder at public auction on Monday the thirteenth day of September, 1920 at one o'clock P. M. or thereabout, being County Court Day, upon a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months, the W. A. Delaney land in Crittenden County, Ky., and lying near Sullivan, Ky.

The land is composed of five tracts and was conveyed to W. A. Delaney, deceased, by H. S. Newcomb in the fall of 1918, and contains as shown by recent survey 304 acres is thus described:

The land is bounded on the north by the lands of the Sneed heirs, Widow, Mack Walker and C. M. Mayes; on the east by the lands of J. M. Crider and William Tudor; on the south by the lands of Levi Steel and R. G. Walker, and on the west by the lands Gahegan, the Blue heirs and Carl Henderson. For a description by metes and bounds, which is quite lengthy, reference is made to the suit to settle the estate.

First—I will sell 130 acres on the west side of the farm.

Second—I will then sell 96 acres on the northeast side of the farm.

Third—I will then sell 78 acres on the southeast side of the farm.

Fourth—I will then sell the 96 acres and the 78 acres as one tract.

Fifth—I will then sell the whole farm of 304 acres and accept the most advantageous of the five bids.

For the purchase price, the purchaser must execute bond, with approved securities, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply with these terms.

Witness my hand this 20th day of August, 1920.

E. R. MORTON,
Master Commissioner Union
Circuit Court.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Mrs. M. N. Wood etc., plaintiff, against Mrs. E. J. Vanhoosier etc., defendant.

By virtue of a Judgement and Order of Sale of the Crittenden Circuit Court, rendered at the June term of 1920, in the above cause herein, I shall proceed to offer for sale at the Court-house door in Marion to the highest bidder at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Monday the 13 day of September, 1920 at 1 o'clock P. M. or thereabout, (being Court day), upon a credit of six months, the following property to-wit:

Four certain tracts of land near Blackburn Church in Crittenden county, and known as the R. W. Vanhoosier farm.

First tract contains 67 1/4 acres and known as the W. B. Crider survey.

Second tract contains 20 3/4 acres and known as the W. N. Travis survey.

Third tract contains 37 acres and known as the Birchfield survey.

Fourth tract contains 4 1/2 acres and known as the Birchfield survey.

Will sell entire interest in first and second tracts as a whole and will sell an undivided one-half interest in third and fourth tracts.

The full description of the above four tracts of land may be seen at my office.

For the purchase price, the purchaser, with approved security or securities, must execute bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply with these terms.

D. A. LOWRY, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE

Josie Worley, Plaintiff against Virginia Worley etc., Defendant, equity.

By virtue of a Judgement and Order of Sale of the Crittenden Circuit Court, rendered at the June term of 1920, in the above cause herein, I shall proceed to offer for sale at the Court-house door in Marion to the highest bidder at PUBLIC AUCTION, on Monday the 13 day of September, 1920 at 1 o'clock P. M. or thereabout, (being Court day), upon a credit of six months, the following property to-wit:

A certain tract of land in Crittenden County, on the waters of Crooked Creek and containing 36 acres and being the same land which was conveyed to G. M. Worley by J. D. Worley and wife on the 29th day of November 1909, the full description of which may be seen at my office.

For the purchase price, the purchaser, with approved security or securities, must execute bond, bearing legal interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment. Bidders will be prepared to comply with these terms.

D. A. LOWRY, Commissioner.

FIT EVERY CAR—FILL EVERY NEED

LEE FABRIC PUNCTURE-PROOF	LEE CORD PUNCTURE-PROOF
Passenger Car Sizes	Passenger Car Sizes
30" x 3" 32" x 4"	32" x 4 1/2" 36" x 4 1/2"
30" x 3 1/2" 33" x 4"	33" x 4 1/2" 33" x 5"
32" x 3 1/2" 34" x 4"	34" x 4 1/2" 35" x 5"
31" x 4"	35" x 4 1/2" 37" x 5"

PNEUMATIC tires made the automobile possible.

Lee Puncture-Proof pneumatics cured the vital defect of all tires by preventing punctures and blow-outs.

You can buy a Lee Puncture-Proof (Fabric) with the impenetrable but pliable Puncture-Proof tread in all sizes from 30" x 3" up to 34" x 4".

The Lee Cord Puncture-Proof—the tire achievement of the century—has every characteristic of the finest cord tire perfected and protected by the patent Lee Puncture-Proof feature.

They come as small as 32" x 4 1/2" and as big as 37" x 5" with six sizes in between.

Lee Puncture-Proofs defy the risks of every road. They save your tubes and eliminate repairs and the annoyance of road delays.

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As sure as you
are a foot high—

you will like this Camel Turkish
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YOU never got such cigarette-
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kind of tobacco smoked straight!

Camels mellow-mildness is a
revelation! Smoke them with
freedom without tiring your taste!
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aftertaste nor unpleasant
cigarette odor!

Give Camels every test—then
compare them puff-for-puff with
any cigarette in the world!

Camels are sold and wrapped
in individual packages of 20 cigarettes, or ten pack-
ages of 200 cigarettes in a glass
tobacco jar or a cardboard carton. We
strongly recommend the
cardboard carton for the home or office
use or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS
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EVANSVILLE COLLEGE

Has had a remarkable first year enrolling over 500 students. Its second year will be even greater.

A NEW DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING

has been added. The usual college courses are offered. Special departments of Music and Education.

Many opportunities to earn way through college.

AUTUMN QUARTER BEGINS SEPT. 28.

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